**Chapter 6 – Section 1: The Expansion of Industry**

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| What three factors contributed to an industrial boom in the late 19th and early 20th century? **(230)**        How did **Edwin L. Drake** contribute to the oil boom? **(231)**  What makes steel different from iron? **(231)**  What natural resources were especially important for industrialization? **(231)**  Besides the railroads, what new uses did people find for steel? **(232)**         What invention is **Thomas Alva Edison** most famous for? **(232)**  How did electricity help lead to the outward spread of cities? **(232)** | How did electricity help industry to grow as never before? **(233)**  What invention was **Christopher Sholes** known for? **(233)**  What invention was **Alexander Graham Bell** known for? **(233)**  What new jobs opened up for women as a result of new inventions? **(233)**      How did the industrial boom benefit workers? **(233)**  Some workers criticized the introduction of new technology – why? **(233)**  Look at the three picture captions on pages 234 and 235. What new challenge did industrialization pose, in spite of its benefits? |

**Chapter 6 – Section 2: The Age of Railroads**

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| **(237)** “At the start of the Civil War, the nation had about 30,000 miles of track. By 1890, that figure was nearly six times greater.” *Sketch a bar graph that shows these sentences visually.*  **(237)** What idea proposed by Professor C.F. Dowd is still used today, all around the world?  **(238)** What four cities are listed as existing and thriving thanks to the railroads? | **(238)** What did **George Pullman**’s company produce?  **(238)** What was good about the town of Pullman?  **(238)** What did workers living there complain about?  **(240)** Look at the political cartoon at the top of the page. Answer the two **SKILLBUILDER** questions beside it below:  1.  2. |